## **Rural Workforce Housing Initiative Frequently Asked Questions**

## **Key Program Requirements:**

Program	RWHI Infrastructure Grant	RWHI Construction Loan
Requirements		
Primary	Local government/City/County	Local government/City/County
Applicant	must be the primary applicant.	must be the primary applicant.
Activity	Land and infrastructure	For-sale, single-family homes for
	development for rental or for-sale	use as a primary residence with a
	housing with a per-unit cost of	sale price of between \$125,000-
	\$125,000-290,000.	290,000.
	Rental properties must be	
	affordable for 100% Area Median	
	Income renters for at least ten	
	years, provide two or more	
	bedrooms per unit, and provide	
	essential services, including	
	broadband.	
Award	Maximum \$2.5 million grant	Maximum \$1 million loan
		(Loan Term – 2 years from Award
		date)
Match	No match is required, but	Yes. 60% of funds must come from
	leveraged resources are expected	other sources
Timeframe	The project must be completed	The project must be completed,
	within two years.	the Home must be sold to an
		owner-occupied Homebuyer, and
		the loan must be repaid to DCA
		within two years.
Application	Applications are accepted quarterly	Applications will be accepted
Deadline	(2 <sup>nd</sup> Friday of the following months:	quarterly. (2 <sup>nd</sup> Friday of the
	January, April, July, and October.	following months: January, April,
	An Initial Project Assessment	July, and October. An Initial Project
	meeting must be held with the DCA	Assessment meeting must be held
	Regional Representative prior to	with the DCA Regional
	the submission of the pre- application. Pre- applications are	Representative prior to the
	due 30 days before the full	submission of the pre-application.
	•	Pre- applications are due 30 days
	application.)	before the full application.)

## **Rural Workforce Housing Initiative Infrastructure Grant FAQ**

- 1. What is the URL to your website?
  - a. Please click the link to be directed to the website: OneGeorgia Authority | Georgia Department of Community Affairs (ga.gov)
- 2. Is there a timeline to build the houses after the infrastructure is in place?
  - a. Yes, the entire Project must be completed within two years.
- 3. Please expand on the neighboring county requirement; What authority should write the supporting letter and, is it required that all neighboring counties support the development?
  - a. There is no longer a requirement for neighboring counties to write support letters.

    Conditionally eligible counties must demonstrate regional impact with their application.
- 4. How detailed does the "plan" for developing land need to be before the IPA? Is this just a community that has identified land and infrastructure needs, or do we already need committed developers for an Infrastructure Grant?
  - a. Applications require a housing study/plan that can demonstrate the need for additional housing units within the community. A deep dive into current available housing in the community. There should be a clear picture of the gaps in the current housing market. There must be a committed developer before an application can be submitted.
- 5. Is there a limit to the number of grants or the amount of funds that can go to any single region?
  - a. If the community has already received an award from the RWHI program, One Georgia Authority must observe significant progress before allocating any additional funds to that same community.
- 6. Can you define leveraging resources?
  - a. Leveraged Resources mean additional fund contributions from the Local government and the developer in the form of cash or equivalent contributions.
- 7. Are Land Bank Authorities eligible for the Land Infrastructure Grants?
  - a. Any registered authority, city, or county who is compliant with state reporting requirements is eligible to apply for infrastructure funds.
- 8. Could land infrastructure be used for in-fill housing property acquisition, demolition, etc?
  - a. Infrastructure grants can be used to provide infrastructure improvements to in-fill housing developments but not for scattered sites. The funding will not pay for property acquisition or demolition. Infrastructure funds may only be used for new housing developments. The eligible activities are detailed in the Notice of Funding Availability.
- 9. Does the Uniform Relocation Act (URA) apply?
  - a. This project is not subject to the Uniform Relocation Act (URA) however funding will not be awarded to projects that will result in the displacement of current residential or commercial occupants of the property.
- 10. Can a community apply for a grant to help fund land purchases, infrastructure, etc., and then a developer applies later for a construction loan for a project to go on the land that was purchased or improved by the community?
  - a. A community may apply for both the infrastructure grant and construction lending.

    Developers are not eligible to apply for either the grant or the loan without partnering with the community on the application. The applications may be submitted at different

times however both activities must be completed within the two-year timeframe therefore we recommend that communities apply for both fund sources at the same time

- 11. If we filed an extension for our FYE 2022 Audit, would we still be eligible to apply? The audit will be complete by June 30, 2023.
  - a. The applicant must be compliant at the time of the application and award. If an extension is provided, proof of that extension will be required to be submitted with the application.
- 12. Assuming an infrastructure grant applicant has a developer committed to build on the improved land, is there a timeline for construction of the housing after the infrastructure is in place?
  - a. It is expected that the infrastructure and housing development occur within two years of award.
- 13. What if our community needs a water plant and tower to accommodate with building these developments? Does that count under infrastructure?
  - a. Potentially. It is incumbent upon the applicant and developer to convey all project-related information to DCA's regional representative at the time of the Initial Project Assessment. The OneGeorgia Authority will review all information to determine whether the project could qualify under the circumstances surrounding the project.
- 14. With the multi-family housing component of the program, are there certain requirements in terms of number of units or is this limited to the local county/government?
  - a. This is a local decision, but the review process does take into account the total grant request for the number of units proposed.
- 15. For the rural county site development, can infrastructure funds be used to install septic system and drill/bore a well?
  - a. No.
- 16. When a home is sold that is on property that was purchased with infrastructure funds, do the proceeds come to the community or do they go back to state?
  - a. The home sale proceeds are not remitted to the state. The developer/owner may retain the sale proceeds to cover the development costs.

## **Rural Workforce Housing Initiative Construction Loan FAQ**

- 1. Is the purpose of this program to provide an incentive to build workforce housing in areas where there isn't a demand? It seems if there was a demand for workforce housing the developers and builders would already be building there.
  - a. The purpose of the program is to enable the construction of workforce housing in areas of high demand due to job growth and lack of adequate housing supply. While it would seem that the demand for housing would drive private development, the housing market developers are not meeting the demand quickly enough at costs that are low enough to be affordable for the workforce in these rural areas.

- 2. What is the URL to the website?
  - a. Please click the link to be directed to the website: <a href="Equity Fund Rural Workforce">Equity Fund Rural Workforce</a>
    <a href="Housing Initiative Housing Construction Loan Program">Housing Initiative Housing Construction Loan Program</a> | <a href="Georgia Department of Community Affairs">Georgia Department of Community Affairs</a> (ga.gov)
- 3. Who can apply for the loan funds
  - Units of general-purpose local government (e.g., city, county, consolidated government), as well as local, regional, and state authorities, in partnership with a housing developer, are eligible to apply.
- 4. When do we apply for construction loan funding?
  - a. For the construction loan, we accept applications on a rolling basis, which means community can apply anytime.
- 5. What are the loan terms?
  - a. The construction loan term is two years form the award date. The project must be completed, the house must be sold to the owner-occupied home buyer, and the loan must be repaid to DCA within two years.
- 6. What is the Interest rate for the loan funds?
  - a. Construction loan Interest rate will be between 0-3%, Interest rate will be determined after the full application is submitted during the loan underwriting process.
- 7. The 60% construction funding. Is that for infrastructure only or are you also funding the housing?
  - a. The funding structure for the construction loan is as follows: 10% is from the builder/developer's cash equity, 40% is from Rural workforce Housing Initiative Construction loan Funds, and 50% is from a senior lender (Bank loan). For the construction loan Georgia Department of Community Affairs will provide up to 40% financing and up to \$1,000,000 for construction loans. Applicants must provide 60% match from other fund sources.
- 8. Can the housing requirement be used to develop downtown housing- such as lofts?
  - a. Yes. The Rural Workforce Housing Initiative does not stipulate where the housing can be built but will review the applicants site plans for appropriateness and the housing must meet local building codes and zoning requirements.
- 9. With these monies, will city ordinances and design standards be followed or are they exempt?
  - a. Rural Workforce Housing Initiative funded projects must follow local ordinances and codes.
- 10. Can a developer apply for the loan portion if there is no need for infrastructure grant?
  - a. Units of general-purpose local government (e.g., city, county, consolidated government), as well as local, regional, and state authorities, generally in partnership with a housing developer, are eligible to apply for the loan fund without applying for the infrastructure grant.
- 11. As a developer I would include clean energy to our projects. Are there any additional funding or programs to support clean energy?
  - a. No additional funds or incentives are provided to developments that exceed the state's green energy standards.

- 12. Is this for new projects only or is it also available for projects currently under construction?
  - a. This program is for new projects only.
- 13. If it is for sale, is multi-family housing eligible? Like Fee Simple Town Houses?
  - a. This program is eligible for detached single-family homes.
- 14. Do we have to complete a formal RFQ/RFP process to select a builder?
  - a. Its not required, but the applicant should identify the development partner, home design and unit mix desired before applying for any funding.
- 15. Can your local match include HOME/CHIP program income?
  - a. It is eligible, but may not be competitive.
- 16. Can a city partner with a nonprofit to be the developer? Do they need to issue an RFP if they already have a relationship with one that has been successful?
  - a. Yes, the city can partner with a nonprofit developer. It is not required, but the applicant should identify the development partner, home design and unit mix desired before applying for any funding.
- 17. Are there any USDA rural eligibility requirements?
  - a. No, there are no federal or other agency requirements unless that particular agency's funding is involved in the financing of the project.